

HOUSING ACCESS PROGRAM



The Colorado Health Foundation

Housing is Health: A Rural Housing Access Initiative

In 2020, the Colorado Health Foundation awarded Disability Law Colorado a \$397,000 grant to launch a two-year housing initiative in five rural and frontier communities: Craig, Durango, Fort Morgan, Glenwood Springs and La Junta. These communities were chosen based on what Disability Law Colorado clients with disabilities have said and what our nonprofit and government partners have confirmed – the lack of safe, affordable, accessible housing is having an impact on health and wellbeing.

The goal of this grant was to engage 500 underserved community members, community influencers, elected officials, and organizations about affordable housing, with the intent to identify barriers to accessible housing and what can be done to help meet this need. Additionally, DLC was to publish and distribute a toolkit & training materials for individuals with disabilities and housing providers.

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Data Snapshot:



Established
dialogues with local
government by
presenting our
findings and
recommendations



Made direct
connections with 511
underserved
community members,
community
influencers, elected
officials, and
organizations



Engaged with over 25,000 people via social media campaigns.



Engaged as stakeholders to local city council advisory groups regarding issues like Multimodal transportation.

Our Findings:

While all five of the rural areas faced similar challenges around accessible housing, we learned that each community has unique circumstances that demand their own individual engagement. We met with many wonderful and motivated people that understand the issues and want to be a part of a solution. We focused our attention on bringing together these like-minded people to help build new coalitions. While each area is unique, all of the people we spoke with in every corner of the state had the same wish-to see their communities thrive.

Our Focus was not just the local community's access to housing, but how we can help shape the dialogue around building thriving communities. Many barriers to safe and sustainable housing reside on the intersectionality of other issues. All of the community members and advocates that we engaged expressed not only issues with housing stock, but concerns with in-town mobility and sustainable employment opportunities.

Other key findings:

·Accessible units often occupied by able-bodied families.

·Lack of reliable transportation and proximity to necessities

·High cost of construction for new projects

·Many of the incentives offered by the state and federal government for housing projects are either unknown or unused.

·Incentives also inaccessible to rural areas as they are often inadvertently designed to benefit metro areas.

•The difficulty for renters to move into homeownership.

FROM GRASSROOTS TO GRASSTOPS: CAPTURING THE VOICE OF A COMMUNITY

One of the priorities we had while engaging possible stakeholders for our work was to ensure that we cast a wide net. Everyone who wanted a seat at the table was invited-from local grassroots advocates, to nonprofits, community organizations, and civic leaders. Our goal was to create a cyclical dialogue between community and local government.



MEETING
PEOPLE WHERE
THEY ARE:
FINDING NEW
WAYS TO
ENGAGE OUR
COMMUNITIES

Outside of the programming we organized, we participated in other local community events to drive awareness to the project and meet community members. These events included local days of celebration or festivals like Early Settler's Day in La Junta, Whittle the Wood Festival, and the Hot Air Balloon Festival in Craig.

Opportunities for Educational Presentations and Public Forums

Conducted

25

workshops across the state

Educational Opportunities:

We created and built-upon existing organizational engagement strategies and organized community programing to foster grassroots dialogue. Our community educational forums were constructed on the topics of fair housing and bringing awareness to housing discrimination, laws and best practices regarding service animals, and public accommodations awareness for local business including tax incentives for accessibility projects. Throughout the two years, we were able to provide 25 educational forums around the state. We also created an outreach strategy to connect community to rental assistance resources, and funding for small businesses, as State/Federal COVID legislation progressed.

Data Collection:

We composed and circulated community-specific surveys to not only collect housing data from our communities of focus, but to implement an additional tool for the community to engage in the affordable housing dialogue.



DISABILITY LAW

Housing Access



Survey Results



Total Respondents:

160

Total Social Media Survey Engagement:

24,178



88%

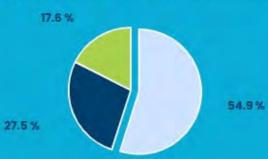
of respondents are Rent Burdened (Spending 30% or more of monthly income on housing)



53%

are Extremely Rent Burdened (Spending 50% or more of their monthly income on housing.)

When asked what improvements they would like in their community:



transportation

accessibility

better sidewalks

Erposty stores

affordable housing

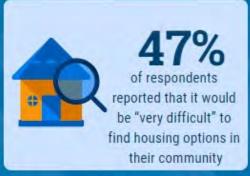
housing rights 10 comployment opportunities

close to family community

80%

of respondents

don't know if they qualify for housing assistance programs



affordable housing options

more employment opportunities

improvements to public transportation



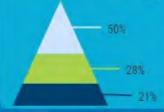




3 most influential factors when considering housing:

- · proximity to grocery stores
- proximity to work/school
- proximity to family

When Asked About Eviction:



50% of respondents didn't know who they would reach out to if facing an eviction

21% would conduct an internet search

28% would solicit legal services or the help of an advocacy organization



HOUSING ACCESS TOOLKITS AND RESOURCE GUIDES





These toolboxes are part of our effort to provide a Rights, Responsibilities, and Resources Toolkit. It is meant to help members of the community assess accessibility needs to help determine if any accommodations or modifications need to be made. Each kit contains a door pressure gauge, a tape measure, and a level to help people determine if a space meets ADA regulations for accessibility. Included in the kits were instructions on how and when to use these tools, as well as resources on accessibility. These toolboxes are just one part of a larger effort to ensure resources and information on rights and responsibilities regarding housing are accessible to those who need it.

Welcome to Your Toolbox

This toolbox is part of a two-year project funded through a grant from The Colorado Health Foundation to help address the health inequities and housing challenges people with disabilities face in Colorado's rural and mountain frontier communities. The work of this statewide initiative has focused on five communities: Craig, Durango, Fort Morgan, Glenwood Springs, and La Junta with the aim to lay the foundations for systemic change and ensure Coloradans with disabilities have access to safe, accessible, and affordable housing.

This toolbox is part of our effort to provide a Rights, Responsibilities, and Resources toolkit. It is meant to help members of the community assess accessibility needs to help determine if accommodations or modifications need to be made. The toolbox is just one part of a larger effort to ensure resources and information on housing rights and responsibilities are accessible to those who need it.

Much of the information and resources we have collected are available at Disability Law Colorado's website: www.disabilitylawco.org





Local Government Engagement

Aside from engaging with local elected officials as stakeholders to local city council advisory groups regarding issues like multimodal transportation, we also informed local governments about recently adopted state legislation, and appropriation of federal recovery funds. This was to ensure they were accessing all available mechanisms to develop municipal projects that create and preserve housing stock.

State Government Engagement

The CO legislature established an Affordable Housing Task Force, and we were able to share our legislative input with members and legislators of the committee. These recommendations included:

- A. The need to establish security deposit guarantor program
- B. To structure AMI formulas to better support workforce housing in rural communities (specifically communities adjacent to resort communities)
- C. Allow a more supportive funding structure for counties to leverage funds for collaborative projects and build capacity within county departments and community-based non-profits.
- D. Establishing rural partnerships with skilled-trade apprenticeship programs to train and retain a skilled workforce for housing construction/refurbishment

Voices for Change

We also wanted to highlight the voice of local disabilities advocates and their personal experiences. We documented these interviews, and they can be found on DLC's YouTube page. They can also be viewed by clicking on the small house icons on the final page of this document.





----- Housing is Health: -----

Coloradans Speak Out on Housing

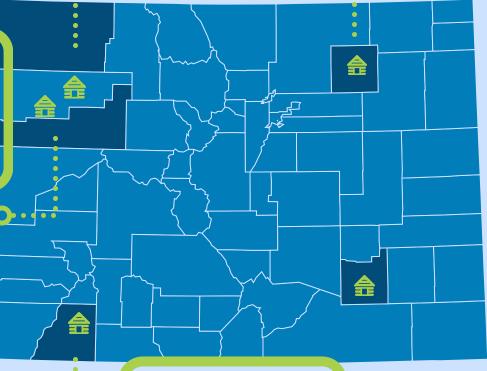




"Education on housing in this area would be good because a lot of people just don't know [their rights]."



"I'd love to have my own place, maybe rent a home so I could be more independent"





"The bus stopped at Pinion Terrace because of budget cuts. I went to City Hall and fought for it but nobody wanted to help so they stopped it."